Section 01	Details of Initial Equality Impact Screening Analysis
Financial Year and	2012/13, Q4
Quarter	
Name of policy, strategy,	HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE: APPROVAL OF THE 2012/13 PROGRAMME (new)
function, project, activity,	To note and approve the 2012/13 highway maintenance (carriageway and footway) schemes. This report is
or programme	produced every year.
Q1	The purpose of the report is to seek approval for the projects listed within the Carriageway and Footway
What are you looking to	Planned Maintenance programme and to establish a degree of flexibility in the management of the budgets and
achieve?	programme during the year.
	All residents in the borough are likely to be affected by the programme of works as it is not localised to one area of the borough. The resurfacing of streets is based on systematic inspections of our roads and pavements, qualitative condition surveys, prioritisation criteria set by the latest industry standards, use of new best value surfacing materials, and engaging the council's specialist surfacing term contractors, every effort is made to achieve a cost effective management of our assets while maximising the available resources.
Q2	Examples of works that are likely to impact more on older and disabled people include:
Who in the main will	
benefit?	<b>Improving Pedestrian Environment - Street Decluttering</b> During the planned maintenance schemes streets are analysed for 'Decluttering'. This involves reducing and consolidating, where possible, the amount of street furniture. Removal of redundant signs posts and attaching signs to lamp columns as well as the removal of bollards all helps reduce the 'clutter' on the street. These small improvements can make the street easier to negotiate for vulnerable road users such as the disabled and elderly by removing potential obstructions.
	<b>Improving pedestrian environment - Ensure dropped kerbs protected from parked cars</b> During the planned maintenance schemes road marking is reviewed to ensure it is complaint with current policy and regulations. Installing Double yellow lines installed on street corners and checking the levels of dropped kerbs and rectifying where needed. These small improvements can make the street easier to negotiate for vulnerable road users such as the disabled and elderly.
	As a result of the overall works, there may be benefits associated with certain groups and not others as detailed below:

Age	Older people are more likely than others to benefit from resurfaced carriageways and footways, as it provides a smoother ride and reduces the likelihood of trip hazards. Making it easier for disabled people to get about removes barriers and encourages participation in public life.	H	+
Disability	Disabled people are more likely than others to benefit from resurfaced carriageways and footways, as it provides a smoother ride and reduces the likelihood of trip hazards. Making it easier for disabled people to get about removes barriers and encourages participation in public life.	H	+
Gender reassignn	nent N/A	L	Neutral
Marriage Civil Partnersh		L	Neutral
Pregnanc and mate		L	Neutral
Race	N/A	L	Neutral
Religion/b (including non-beliet		L	Neutral
Sex	Ń/A	L	Neutral
Sexual Orientatio	N/A	L	Neutral
Will it affect No	<b>ghts and Children's Rights</b> t Human Rights, as defined by the Human Rights Act 1998? t Children's Rights, as defined by the UNCRC (1992)?		
Q3 Does the policy strategy function pro	pject, activity, or programme make a positive contribution to equalities?		N/A
Q4			N/A
Does the policy, strategy, function, project, activity, or programme actually or potentially contribute to or hinder equality of opportunity, and/or adversely impact human rights?			